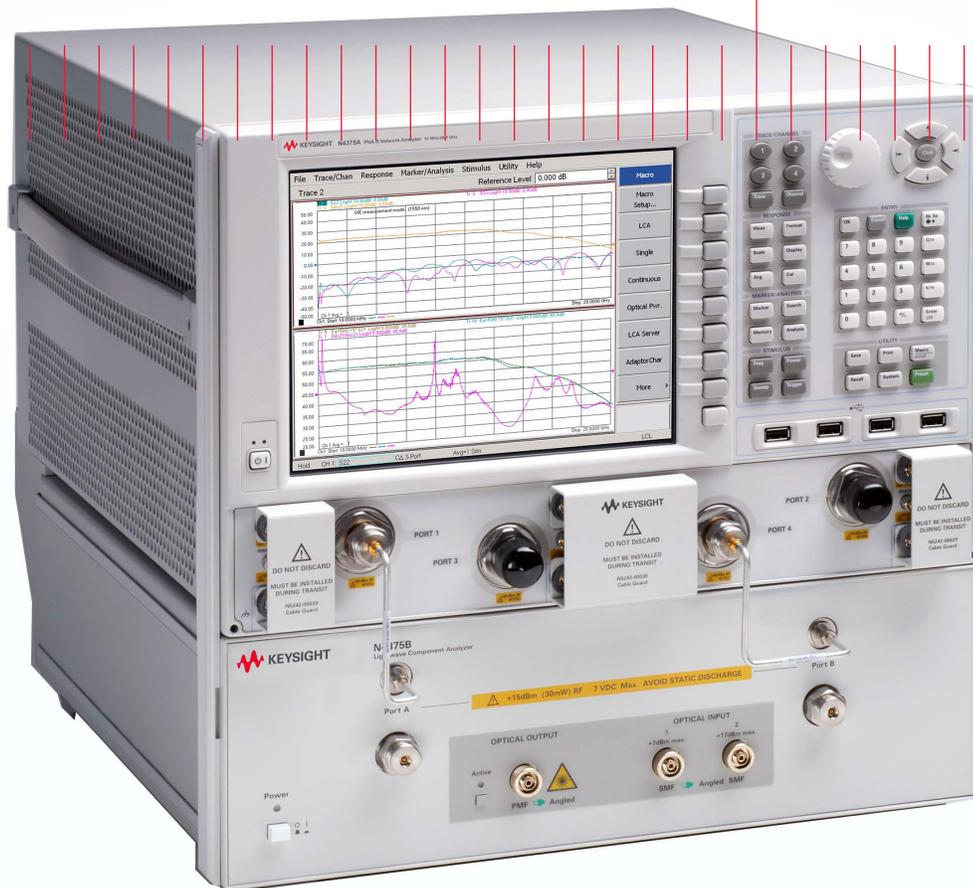


# Keysight N4375D 26.5 GHz Single-Mode Lightwave Component Analyzer

Data Sheet



## General Information

Keysight Technologies' N4375D Lightwave Component Analyzer (LCA) is the instrument of choice to test 10G Ethernet, FCx8, FCx10 and FCx16 electro-optical components, with up to 26.5 GHz modulation range as well as electro-optical components for 40/100GbE and 100 Gb/s coherent transmission.

Modern optical transmission systems require fast, accurate and repeatable characterization of the core electro-optical components, the transmitter, receiver, and their subcomponents (lasers, modulators and detectors), to guarantee performance with respect to modulation bandwidth, jitter, gain, and distortion of the final transceiver.

The N4375D guarantees excellent electro-optical measurement performance through NIST traceable factory calibration chain. In addition a unique new calibration concept significantly reduces time from powering up the LCA until the first calibrated measurement can be made. This increases productivity in R&D and on the manufacturing floor.

The fully integrated "turnkey" solution reduces time to market, compared to the time-consuming development of a self-made setup.

The electrical and optical design of the N4375D is optimized for lowest noise and ripple. In addition, this design makes the accuracy independent of the electrical reflection coefficient. It's the excellent accuracy and repeatability that improves the yield from tests performed with the N4375D, by narrowing margins needed to pass the tested devices. NIST traceability ensures world-wide comparability of test results.

The advanced optical design together with temperature-stabilized transmitter and receiver ensures repeatable measurements over days without recalibration.

Using the advanced measurement capabilities of the network analyzer, all S-parameter related characteristics of the device under test, like responsivity, ripple, group delay and 3 dB-cutoff frequency, can be qualified with the new N4375D Lightwave Component Analyzer from 10 MHz to 25.6 GHz.

### The network analyzer

The N4375D LCA is based on the new 2- and 4-port N5222A PNA Series microwave network analyzer with an identical and well known user interface across all Keysight network analyzers. Versions with configurable test set and bias-T integrated in the network analyzer are available. The High RF output power ensures a higher optical modulation index (OMI). This gives you the freedom to change between small signal analysis and large signal analysis of your device under test. True mode balanced measurements are possible with 4-port, dual source network analyzers.

## General Information (continued)

### Key benefits

- High absolute and relative accuracy measurements improve the yield of development and production processes. With the excellent accuracy and reproducibility, measurement results can be compared among test locations world wide
- High confidence and fast time-to-market with a NIST-traceable turnkey solution
- Significantly increased productivity using the fast and easy measurement setup with an unique new calibration process leads to lower cost of test
- New switched architecture of optical test set for long-term reliability and stability of test results
- Identical LCA software and remote control across the N437xD family simplifies integration and backward compatibility to N437xB/C series

<b>Operating frequency range</b>
10 MHz to 26.5 GHz
<b>Relative frequency response uncertainty</b>
± 0.5 dB @ 20 GHz (typical)
<b>Absolute frequency response uncertainty</b>
± 1.5 dB @ 20 GHz (typical)
<b>Noise floor</b>
–86 dB W/A for E/O measurements @ 20 GHz
–76 dB A/W for O/E measurements @ 20 GHz
<b>Typical phase uncertainty</b>
± 2.0°
<b>Transmitter wavelength</b>
1550 nm ± 20 nm
1310 nm ± 20 nm
1290 to 1610 nm with external source input
<b>Built-in optical power meter</b>
For fast transmitter power verification
<b>Powerful remote control</b>
State of the art programming interface based on Microsoft .NET or COM
<b>Warranty</b>
<b>Select coverage</b>
Included: 3-year warranty (return to Keysight), standard
R-51B-001-5Z: 5-year warranty assurance plan (return to Keysight): Priority warranty service includes one-time coverage for an EOS/ESD failure.

## General Information (continued)

<b>Measurement capabilities</b>
3 dB cut-off frequency (S21)
Responsivity (S21)
Electrical reflection (S11 or S22)
Group Delay vs. frequency
Insertion Loss (IL)
Transmission bandwidth
All electrical S-parameter measurements
<b>Target test devices</b>
<b>Transmitter (E/O)</b>
Mach-Zehnder modulators
Electro-absorption modulators (EAM)
Directly modulated lasers
Transmitter optical subassemblies (TOSA)
<b>Receiver (O/E)</b>
PIN diodes
Avalanche photodiodes (APD)
Receiver optical subassemblies (ROSA) and integrated PIN-TIA receivers
<b>Optical (O/O)</b>
Passive optical components
Optical single mode fibers
Optical transmission systems

## Keysight N4375D Applications

In digital photonic transmission systems, the performance is ultimately determined by bit error ratio test (BERT) as this parameter describes the performance of the whole system. However it is necessary to design and qualify subcomponents like modulators and receivers, which are analog by nature, with different parameters. Those parameters are core to the overall system performance.

These electro-optical components significantly influence the overall performance of the transmission system via the following parameters:

- 3 dB bandwidth of the electro-optical transmission relative frequency response, quantifying the electro-optical shape of the conversion.
- Absolute frequency response, relating to the conversion efficiency of signals from the input to the output, or indicating the gain of a receiver.
- Electrical reflection at the RF port
- Group delay of the electro-optical transfer function

Only a careful design of these electro-optical components over a wide modulation signal bandwidth guarantees successful operation in the transmission system.

## Electro-optical components

The frequency response of amplified or unamplified detector diodes, modulators and directly modulated lasers typically depends on various parameters, like bias voltages, optical input power, operating current and ambient temperature. To determine the optimum operating point of these devices, an LCA helps by making a fast characterization of the electro-optic transfer function while optimizing these operating conditions. In parallel the LCA also measures the electrical return loss.

In manufacturing it is important to be able to monitor the processes regularly to keep up the throughput and yield. In this case the LCA is the tool of choice to monitor transmission characteristics and absolute responsivity of the manufactured device. The remote control of the N4375D offers another tool to improve the productivity by making automated measurements and analysis of the measured data.

## Electrical components

Electrical components such as amplifiers, filters and transmission lines are used in modern transmission systems and require characterization to ensure optimal performance. Typical measurements are bandwidth, insertion loss or gain, impedance match and group delay. The new switched architecture offers direct access to the electrical outputs and inputs of the network-analyzers just by selecting electrical- to electrical measurement mode in the LCA user interface.

## Keysight N4375D Features

### Turnkey solution

In today's highly competitive environment, short time-to-market with high quality is essential for new products. Instead of developing a home-grown measurement solution which takes a lot of time and is limited in transferability and support, a fully specified and supported solution helps to focus resources on faster development and on optimizing the manufacturing process.

In the N4375D all optical and electrical components are carefully selected and matched to each other to minimize noise and ripple in the measurement traces. Together with the temperature stabilized environment of the core components, this improves the repeatability and the accuracy of the overall system. Extended factory calibration data at various optical power levels ensures accurate and reliable measurements that can only be achieved with an integrated solution like the N4375D.

### Easy calibration

An LCA essentially measures the conversion relation between optical and electrical signals. This is why user calibration of such systems can evolve into a time consuming task. With the new calibration process implemented in the N4375D, the tasks that have to be done by the user are reduced to one pure electrical calibration. The calibration with an electrical microwave calibration module is automated and needs only minimal manual interaction.

### Built-in performance verification

Sometimes it is necessary to make a quick verification of the validity of the calibration and the performance of the system. The N4375D's unique calibration process allows the user to perform a self-test without external reference devices. This gives full confidence that the system performance is within the user's required uncertainty bands.

### State-of-the-art remote control

Testing the frequency response of electro-optical components under a wide range of parameters, which is often necessary in qualification cycles, is very time consuming. To support the user in minimizing the effort for performing this huge number of tests, all functions of the LCA can be controlled remotely via LAN over the state-of-the-art Microsoft .NET or COM interface.

Based on programming examples for VBA with Excel, Keysight VEE and C++, it is very easy for every user to build applications for their requirements.

These examples cover applications like integration of complete LCA measurement sequences.

## Keysight N4375D Features (continued)

### Integrated optical power meter

In applications where optical power dependence characterization is needed, the average power meter can be used to set the exact average output power of the LCA transmitter by connecting the LCA optical transmitter output, optionally through an optical attenuator, to the LCA optical receiver input. By adjusting the transmitter output power in the LCA user interface or the optical attenuation, the desired transmitter optical power can be set.

In cases where an unexpectedly low responsivity is measured from the device under test, it is very helpful to get a fast indication of the CW optical power that is launched into the LCA receiver. The cause might be a bad connection or a bent fiber in the setup. For this reason too, a measurement of the average optical power at the LCA receiver is very helpful for fast debugging of the test setup.

### Selectable output power of the transmitter

Most PIN diodes and receiver optical subassemblies (ROSA's) need to be characterized at various average optical power levels. In this case it is necessary to set the average input power of the device under test to the desired value. The variable average optical output power of the LCA transmitter offers this feature. Together with an external optical attenuator, this range can be extended to all desired optical power levels.

### Group delay and length measurements

In some applications it is necessary to determine the electrical or optical length of a device. With the internal length calibration of the electro-optical paths with reference to the electrical and optical inputs or outputs, it is possible to determine the length of the device under test.

### Large signal measurements

LCA S21 measurements are typically small-signal linear transfer function measurements. If an electro-optical component must be tested under large signal conditions, normal balanced measurements might lead to wrong measurement results.

The PNA based LCA allow true balanced measurements for differential ports by providing two independent high power RF sources. With this setup the LCA measures the correct S21 transfer function of E/O components, even in the nonlinear regime.

To stimulate O/E components like PIN-TIA receivers under optical large signal conditions, the PNA based LCA offers a variable optical modulation index up to 50%.

### External optical source input

For applications where test of opto-electric devices need to be done at a specific optical wavelength, the N4375D-050 offers an external optical input to the internal modulator where an external tunable laser can be applied. As modulators are polarization sensitive devices, this input is a PMF input to a PMF optical switch to maintain the polarization at the modulator input.

## Definitions

Generally, all specifications are valid at the stated operating and measurement conditions and settings, with uninterrupted line voltage.

## Specifications (guaranteed)

Describes warranted product performance that is valid under the specified conditions.

Specifications include guard bands to account for the expected statistical performance distribution, measurement uncertainties changes in performance due to environmental changes and aging of components.

## Typical values (characteristics)

Characteristics describe the product performance that is usually met but not guaranteed. Typical values are based on data from a representative set of instruments.

## General characteristics

Give additional information for using the instrument. These are general descriptive terms that do not imply a level of performance.

## Explanation of Terms

### Responsivity

For electro-optical devices (e.g. modulators ) this describes the ratio of the optical modulated output signal amplitude compared to the RF input amplitude of the device.

For opto-electrical devices (e.g. photodiodes) this describes the ratio of at the RF amplitude at the device output to the amplitude of the modulated optical signal input.

### Relative frequency response uncertainty

Describes the maximum deviation of the shape of a measured trace from the (unknown) real trace. This specification has strong influence on the accuracy of the 3 dB cut-off frequency determined for the device under test.

### Absolute frequency response uncertainty

Describes the maximum difference between any amplitude point of the measured trace and the (unknown) real value. This specification is useful to determine the absolute responsivity of the device versus modulation frequency.

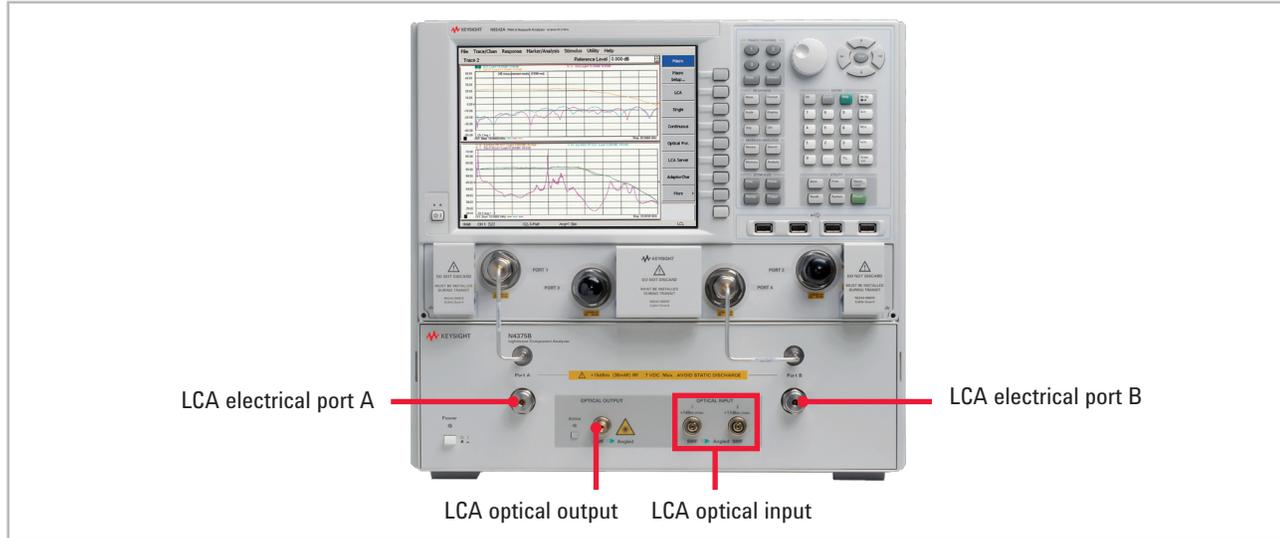
### Frequency response repeatability

Describes the deviation of repeated measurement without changing any parameter or connection relative to the average of this measurements.

### Minimum measurable frequency response

Describes the average measured responsivity when no modulation signal is present at the device under test. This represents the noise floor of the measurement system.

## Definition of LCA Input and Output Names



## Keysight N4375D Specifications

### Measurement conditions

- Modulation frequency range from 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz
- Forward RF power +5 dBm
- Reverse RF power 0 dBm
- Number of averages: 1
- 100 Hz IFBW (“Reduce IF bandwidth at low frequency” enabled) with modulation frequency step size 10 MHz and measurement points on a 10 MHz raster (if not differently stated)
- Network analyzer set to “stepped sweep – sweep moves in discrete steps”
- All network-analyzer ports configured in normal coupler configuration (“CPLR ARM” to “RCVB B in”, “SOURCE OUT” to “CPLR THRU”)
- After full two-port electrical calibration using an Electronic Calibration Module, Keysight N4691B, at constant temperature ( $\pm 1$  °C) with network analyzer set to -10 dBm electrical output power
- Modulator bias optimization set to “every sweep”
- Measurement frequency grid equals electrical calibration grid
- DUT signal delay  $\leq 0.1/IF-BW$
- Specified temperature range: +20 °C to +26 °C
- After warm-up time of 90 minutes
- Using high quality electrical and optical connectors and RF cables in perfect condition
- Using internal laser source

The optical test set always has angled connectors. Depending on the selected option (-021 straight, -022 angled) the appropriate jumper cable will be delivered. This jumper cable must always be used in front to the optical test set to protect the connectors at the optical test set and is required for performance tests.

## Transmitter and Receiver Specifications

<b>Optical test set</b>		
Operation frequency range		10 MHz to 26.5 GHz
Connector type	Optical input	SMF angled with Keysight versatile connector interface
	Optical output	
	Optical source input (rear)	PMF angled, with Keysight versatile connector interface, polarization orientation aligned with connector key
	RF	3.5 mm male
<b>LCA optical input</b>		
Operating input wavelength range		1250 nm to 1640 nm 4
Maximum linear average input power 1	Optical input 1	+4 dBm
	Optical input 2	+14 dBm
Maximum safe average input power	Optical input 1	+7 dBm
	Optical input 2	+17 dBm
Optical return loss (typical) 1		> 27 dBo
Average power measurement range 1	Optical input 1	-25 dBm to +4 dBm on optical input 1
	Optical input 2	-15 dBm to +14 dBm on optical input 2
Average power measurement uncertainty (typical) 2		± 0.5 dBo
<b>LCA optical output</b>		
Optical modulation index (OMI) at 10 GHz (typical)		> 27% @ +5 dBm RF
		> 47% @ +10 dBm RF power
Output wavelength	Option -100, -102	1310 ± 20 nm
	Option -101, -102	1550 ± 20 nm
Average output power range		-2 dBm to +4 dBm
Average output power uncertainty (typical) 2		± 0.5 dBo
Average output power stability, 15 minutes (typical)		± 0.5 dBo
<b>External optical source input (-050)</b>		
Recommended optical input power 3		+8 to +15 dBm
Optical input power damage level		+20 dBm
Typical loss at quadrature bias point		9 dB
Operating input wavelength range		1290 nm to 1610 nm 4
<b>LCA RF test port input</b>		
Maximum safe input level at port A or B		+15 dBm RF, 7V DC

1. Wavelength within range as specified for LCA optical output.
2. After modulator optimization.
3. Required source characteristics: SMSR > 15 dB, line width < 10 MHz, power stability < 0.1 dB pp, PER > 20 dB, unmodulated, single mode.
4. Excluding water absorption wavelength.

## Specifications for Electro-Optical Measurements at 1310 nm (E/O Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions.

- At optical input 1 (“+ 7 dBm max”). At optical input 2 (“+ 17 dBm max”), specifications are typically the same for 10 dB higher incident average and modulated optical power.
- For wavelength: (1310 ± 20) nm (Option -100, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.7 dBe (± 0.5 dBe, typical)	± 0.7 dBe (± 0.5 dBe typical)	± 0.5 dBe, typical
	≥ –32 dB (W/A)	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical
	≥ –42 dB (W/A)	± 0.8 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical
Absolute frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 1.7 dBe, typical	± 2.2 dBe (± 1.5 dBe, typical)	± 2.2 dBe (± 1.5 dBe, typical)	± 1.5 dBe, typical
Frequency response repeatability (typical)	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.12 dBe	± 0.12 dBe
	≥ –32 dB (W/A)	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.12 dBe	± 0.12 dBe
	≥ –42 dB (W/A)	± 0.19 dBe	± 0.15 dBe	± 0.17 dBe	± 0.17 dBe
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>2,4</sup>		–60 dB (W/A)	–86 dB (W/A)	–86 dB (W/A)	–80 dB (W/A), typical
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –42 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	–	± 2.0°	± 2.0°	± 2.0°
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: ± 2.0° → ± 8 ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. For DUT optical peak output power ≤ +7 dBm.

2. IFBW = 10 Hz.

3. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of ≤ 0.2 GHz to avoid phase wraps). Excluding a constant group delay offset of < ± 0.3 ns typical (Cable length uncertainty < ± 0.06 m). A constant group delay offset leads to a phase offset  $\Delta\phi = 360^\circ \times \Delta\text{GD} \times \text{fmod}$  (in deg).

4. Average value over frequency range.

## Specifications for Electro-Optical Measurements at 1550 nm (E/O Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions.

- At optical input 1 (“+ 7 dBm max”). At optical input 2 (“+ 17 dBm max”), specifications are typically the same for 10 dB higher incident average and modulated optical power.
- For wavelength: (1550 ± 20) nm (Option -101, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.7 dBe (± 0.5 dBe, typical)	± 0.7 dBe (± 0.5 dBe, typical)	± 0.5 dBe, typical
	≥ –32 dB (W/A)	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical	± 0.5 dBe, typical
	≥ –42 dB (W/A)	± 0.8 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical	± 0.6 dBe, typical
Absolute frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 1.7 dBe, typical	± 1.7 dBe (± 1.5 dBe typical)	± 1.8 dBe (± 1.5 dBe, typical)	± 1.5 dBe, typical
Frequency response repeatability (typical)	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –22 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	± 0.02 dBe	± 0.02 dBe	± 0.05 dBe	± 0.05 dBe
	≥ –32 dB (W/A)	± 0.06 dBe	± 0.02 dBe	± 0.05 dBe	± 0.05 dBe
	≥ –42 dB (W/A)	± 0.17 dBe	± 0.03 dBe	± 0.07 dBe	± 0.07 dBe
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>2,4</sup>		–60 dB (W/A)	–86 dB (W/A)	–86 dB (W/A)	–80 dB (W/A), typical
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –42 dB (W/A) <sup>1</sup>	–	± 2.0°	± 2.0°	± 2.0°
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: ± 2.0° → ± 8 ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. For DUT optical peak output power ≤ +7 dBm.

2. IFBW = 10 Hz.

3. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of ≤ 0.2 GHz to avoid phase wraps). Excluding a constant group delay offset of < ± 0.3 ns typ. (Cable length uncertainty < ± 0.06 m). A constant group delay offset leads to a phase offset  $\Delta\phi = 360^\circ \times \Delta\text{GD} \times \text{fmod}$  (in deg).

4. Average value over frequency range.

## Specifications for Opto-Electrical Measurements at 1310 nm (O/E Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions.

- With external source optical input, all specifications are typical. <sup>2, 6, 7</sup>
- For wavelength:  $(1310 \pm 20)$  nm (Option -100, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	$\geq -36$ dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	$\pm 0.7$ dBe, typical	$\pm 0.7$ dBe ( $\pm 0.5$ dBe) <sup>8</sup>	$\pm 0.8$ dBe ( $\pm 0.5$ dBe) <sup>8</sup>	$\pm 0.5$ dBe, typical <sup>8</sup>
	$\geq -46$ dB (A/W)	$\pm 0.8$ dBe, typical	$\pm 0.7$ dBe, typical	$\pm 0.8$ dBe, typical	$\pm 0.8$ dBe, typical
Absolute frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	$\geq -36$ dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	$\pm 1.7$ dBe, typical	$\pm 2.0$ dBe ( $\pm 1.6$ dBe) <sup>8</sup>	$\pm 2.1$ dBe ( $\pm 1.7$ dBe) <sup>8</sup>	$\pm 1.7$ dBe, typical <sup>8</sup>
Frequency response repeatability (typical) <sup>2</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	$\geq -36$ dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	$\pm 0.15$ dBe	$\pm 0.1$ dBe	$\pm 0.12$ dBe	$\pm 0.12$ dBe
	$\geq -46$ dB (A/W)	$\pm 0.25$ dBe	$\pm 0.15$ dBe	$\pm 0.17$ dBe	$\pm 0.17$ dBe
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>2,3,5</sup>		$-49$ dB (A/W)	$-72$ dB (A/W)	$-76$ dB (A/W)	$-76$ dB (A/W), typical
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>2,4</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	$\geq -36$ dB (A/W) <sup>1</sup>	–	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	$\pm 2.0^\circ$	$\pm 2.0^\circ$
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: $\pm 2.0^\circ \rightarrow \pm 8$ ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. For DUT response max. +10 dB (A/W).
2. For +4 dBm average output power from LCA optical output.
3. FBW = 10 Hz.
4. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of  $\leq 0.2$  GHz to avoid phase wraps). Excluding a constant group delay offset of  $< \pm 0.3$  ns typ. (Cable length uncertainty  $< \pm 0.06$  m). A constant group delay offset leads to a phase offset  $\Delta\phi = 360^\circ \times \Delta\text{GD} \times \text{fmod.}$  (in deg).
5. Average value over frequency range.
6. After CW responsivity and user calibration with external source.
7. Requires option -100 or -102.
8. Typical with internal source.

## Specifications for Opto-Electrical Measurements at 1550 nm (O/E Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions.

- With external source optical input, all specifications are typical. <sup>2, 6, 7</sup>
- For wavelength: (1550 ± 20) nm (Option -101, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –36 dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.7 dBe (± 0.5 dBe) <sup>8</sup>	± 0.8 dBe (± 0.5 dBe) <sup>8</sup>	± 0.5 dBe, typical <sup>8</sup>
	≥ –46 dB (A/W)	± 0.8 dBe, typical	± 0.7 dBe, typical	± 0.8 dBe, typical	± 0.8 dBe, typical
Absolute frequency response uncertainty	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –36 dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	± 1.5 dBe, typical	± 1.8 dBe (± 1.5 dBe) <sup>8</sup>	± 1.8 dBe (± 1.5 dBe) <sup>8</sup>	± 1.8 dBe, typical <sup>8</sup>
Frequency response repeatability (typical) <sup>2</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –36 dB (A/W) <sup>1,2</sup>	± 0.15 dBe	± 0.05 dBe	± 0.05 dBe	± 0.05 dBe
	≥ –46 dB (A/W)	± 0.25 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>2,3,5</sup>		–49 dB (A/W)	–72 dB (A/W)	–76 dB (A/W)	–76 dB (A/W), typical
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>2,4</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –36 dB (A/W) <sup>1</sup>	–	± 2.0°	± 2.0°	± 2.0°
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: ± 2.0° → ± 8 ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. For DUT response max. +10 dB (A/W).
2. For +4 dBm average output power from LCA optical output.
3. FBW = 10 Hz.
4. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of ≤ 0.2 GHz to avoid phase wraps). Excluding a constant group delay offset of < ± 0.3 ns typ. (Cable length uncertainty < ± 0.06 m). A constant group delay offset leads to a phase offset  $\Delta\phi = 360^\circ \times \Delta GD \times f_{mod}$ . (in deg).
5. Average value over frequency range.
6. After CW responsivity and user calibration with external source.
7. Requires option -100 or -102.
8. Typical with internal source.

## Specifications for Optical to Optical Measurements at 1310 nm (O/O Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions and after user calibration with LCA optical output set to maximum average power (+ 4 dBm).

- At optical input 1 (“+ 7 dBm max”). At optical input 2 (“+ 17 dBm max”), specifications are typically the same for 10 dB higher incident average and modulated optical power.
- With external source optical input, all specifications are typical. <sup>2, 6, 7</sup>
- For wavelength: (1310 ± 20) nm (Option -100, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –13 dBe (≥ –6.5 dBo) <sup>4</sup>	± 0.25 dBe, typical (± 0.125 dBo, typical)	± 0.25 dBe (± 0.125 dBo)	± 0.25 dBe (± 0.125 dBo)	± 0.25 dBe, typical (± 0.125 dBo, typical)
Absolute frequency response uncertainty <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –13 dBe (≥ –6.5 dBo) <sup>4</sup>	± 1.2 dBe, typical (± 0.6 dBo, typical)	± 1.2 dBe (± 0.6 dBo)	± 1.2 dBe (± 0.6 dBo)	± 1.2 dBe, typical (± 0.6 dBo, typical)
Frequency response repeatability (typical) <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –13 dBe (≥ –6.5 dBo) <sup>4</sup>	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe	± 0.1 dBe
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>1, 3, 5</sup>		–35 dBe (–17.5 dBo)	–60 dBe (–30 dBo)	–64 dBe (–32 dBo)	–64 dBe, typical (–32 dBo, typical)
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>2, 3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ –13 dBe (≥ –6.5 dBo) <sup>4</sup>	–	± 2.0°	± 2.0°	± 2.0°
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: ± 2.0° → ± 8 ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. IFBW = 10 Hz.

2. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of ≤ 0.2 GHz to avoid phase wraps).

3. For +4 dBm average output power from LCA optical output.

4. For DUT response maximum +6 dBe (+3 dBo) gain.

5. Average value over frequency range.

6. After CW responsivity and user calibration with external source.

7. Requires option -100 or -102.

## Specifications for Optical to Optical Measurements at 1550 nm (O/O Mode)

N4375D system with network analyzer:

- N5222A-200, N5222A-201, N5222A-219
- N5222A-400, N5222A-401, N5222A-419

Specifications are valid under the stated measurement conditions and after user calibration with LCA optical output set to maximum average power (+4 dBm).

- At optical input 1 (“+ 7 dBm max”). At optical input 2 (“+ 17 dBm max”), specifications are typically the same for 10 dB higher incident average and modulated optical power.
- With external source optical input, all specifications are typical. <sup>2, 6, 7</sup>
- For wavelength: (1550 ± 20) nm (Option -101, 102).

System performance		0.05 GHz to 0.2 GHz	0.2 GHz to 0.7 GHz	0.7 GHz to 20 GHz	20 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Relative frequency response uncertainty <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ -13 dBc (≥ -6.5 dBc) <sup>4</sup>	± 0.25 dBc, typical (± 0.125 dBc, typical)	± 0.25 dBc (± 0.125 dBc)	± 0.25 dBc (± 0.125 dBc)	± 0.25 dBc, typical (± 0.125 dBc, typical)
Absolute frequency response uncertainty <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ -13 dBc (≥ -6.5 dBc) <sup>4</sup>	± 1.2 dBc, typical (± 0.6 dBc, typical)	± 1.2 dBc (± 0.6 dBc)	± 1.2 dBc (± 0.6 dBc)	± 1.2 dBc, typical (± 0.6 dBc, typical)
Frequency response repeatability (typical) <sup>3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ -13 dBc (≥ -6.5 dBc) <sup>4</sup>	± 0.06 dBc	± 0.02 dBc	± 0.04 dBc	± 0.04 dBc
Minimum measurable frequency response (noise floor) <sup>1, 3, 5</sup>		-35 dBc (-17.5 dBc)	-60 dBc (-30 dBc)	-64 dBc (-32 dBc)	-64 dBc, typical (-32 dBc, typical)
Phase uncertainty (typical) <sup>2, 3</sup>	DUT response	–	–	–	–
	≥ -13 dBc (≥ -6.5 dBc) <sup>4</sup>	–	± 2.0°	± 2.0°	± 2.0°
Group delay uncertainty		Derived from phase uncertainty, see section “Group delay uncertainty”. Example: ± 2.0° → ± 8 ps (1 GHz aperture)			

1. IFBW = 10 Hz.

2. Except phase wrap aliasing (Example: a DUT group delay of 5 ns (1 m cable length) requires a wavelength step size of ≤ 0.2 GHz to avoid phase wraps).

3. For +4 dBm average output power from LCA optical output.

4. For DUT response maximum +6 dBc (+3 dBc) gain.

5. Average value over frequency range.

6. After CW responsivity and user calibration with external source.

7. Requires option -101 or -102.

## Specifications for Electrical-Electrical Measurements (E/E Mode)

All specifications of the N5222A option 200, 201, 219, 400, 401, or 419 network analyzer apply depending on selected LCA option -x2z. Please see the corresponding network analyzer data sheet and user's guide.

Optical test set	
Electrical loss of optical test set	< 2.0 dBe (typical)

### Group delay uncertainty

For more details see specifications of the N522xA PNA data sheets.

### Group delay

Group delay is computed by measuring the phase change within a specified aperture (for aperture see below):

$$GD [s] = \frac{\text{Phase change [deg]}}{\text{Aperture [Hz]} * 360} \quad (\text{Equation 1})$$

### Group delay uncertainty

Is calculated from the specified phase uncertainty and from the aperture (for aperture see below):

$$GD [\pm s] = \frac{\text{Phase uncertainty } [\pm \text{deg}]}{\text{Aperture [Hz]} * 360} * \text{sqrt}(2) \quad (\text{Equation 2})$$

### Aperture

Determined by the frequency span and the number of points per sweep

Aperture: (frequency span) / (number of points-1)

### GD Range

The maximum group delay is limited to measuring no more than  $\pm 180$  degrees of phase change within the selected aperture (see Equation 1).

## General Characteristics

<b>Assembled dimensions (H x W x D)</b>	
Max, 413 mm x 438 mm x 538 mm (16.3 in x 17.3 in x 21.2 in)	
<b>Weight</b>	
<b>Product net weight</b>	
38 kg (81.6 lbs) to 52 kg (114.6 lbs) depending on selected NWA	
<b>Packaged product</b>	
56 kg (123.5 lbs) to 54 kg (119 lbs) depending on selected NWA	
<b>Power requirements</b>	
100 to 240 V~, 50 to 60 Hz (2 power cables)	
N5222A	Max. 450 VA
Optical test set	Max. 40 VA
<b>Storage temperature range</b>	
-40 °C to +70 °C	
<b>Operating temperature range</b>	
+5 °C to +35 °C	
<b>Humidity</b>	
15% to 80% relative humidity, non-condensing	
<b>Altitude (Operating)</b>	
0 ... 2000 m	
<b>Calibration</b>	
<b>Select Keysight calibration plan</b>	
R-50C-011-3	3-year calibration assurance plan (return to Keysight): Priority calibration service covering all calibration costs for 3 years; 15% cheaper than buying stand-alone calibrations.
R-50C-011-5	5-year calibration assurance plan (return to Keysight): Priority calibration service covering all calibration costs for 5 years; 20% cheaper than buying stand-alone calibrations.
<b>Shipping contents</b>	
1x network-analyzer depending on selected option	
1x N4375D optical test set	
3x 81000NI FC connector interface, narrow key	
1x N4373-61627 f 3.5 mm to f 3.5 mm RF short cut cable	
1x N4375D-90A01 Getting Started Guide	
1x 4373B-90CD1 LCA support CD	
1x 1150-7896 keyboard	
1x 1150-7799 mouse	

## General Characteristics (continued)

<b>Shipping contents (continued)</b>	
1x 8121-1242 USB cable	
1x E5525-10285 UK6 report	
1x 9320-6677 RoHS addendum for photonic accessories	
1x 9320-6654 RoHS addendum for photonic T&M products	
<b>Additional, option dependent shipping contents</b>	
-021 straight connector <sup>1</sup>	2x N4373-87907 0.5m FC/PC -FC/APC patch cord 1x 1005-0256 FC/FC adaptor
-022 angled connector <sup>1</sup>	2x N4373-87906 0.5m FC/APC - FC/APC patch cord 1x 1005-1027 FC/FC adaptor
-050 external optical source input	1x PMF patchcord 1.0 m FC/APC narrow key 1x 81000NI optical adapter FC
2 port LCA (options -200, -201, -219)	1x E7342-60004 0.5 m (m) to (f) high performance RF cable
4 port LCA (options -400, -401, -419)	2x E7342-60004 0.5 m (m) to (f) high performance RF cable
<b>LCA connector types at optical test set</b>	
LCA electrical input	3.5 mm (m)
LCA electrical output	3.5 mm (m)
LCA optical input 1	9 µm single-mode angled <sup>1</sup> , with Keysight universal adapter
LCA optical input 2	9 µm single-mode angled <sup>1</sup> , with Keysight universal adapter
LCA optical output	9 µm single-mode angled <sup>1</sup> , with Keysight universal adapter
LCA external TX input (Option -050 only)	9 µm polarization maintaining single-mode angled, with Keysight universal adapter
<b>Laser safety information</b>	
	<p>All laser sources listed above are classified as Class 1M according to IEC 60825-1/2007.</p> <p>All laser sources comply with 21 CFR 1040.10 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated 2007-06-24.</p>

1. The optical test set always has angled connectors. Depending on the selected option (-021 straight, -022 angled) the appropriate jumper cable will be delivered. This jumper cable must always be used in front to the optical test set to protect the connectors at the optical test set.

## Ordering Information

The N4375D consists of an optical test set and a microwave network analyzer which are mechanically connected. To protect your network analyzer investment, Keysight offers the integration of an already owned PNA, or PNA with the optical test set as listed below.

All systems have 1 year warranty.

<b>LCA-75D family options</b>	
<b>Wavelength options</b>	
N4375D-100	1310 nm source optical test set
N4375D-101	1550 nm source optical test set
N4375D-102	1300 nm and 1550 nm source optical test set
<b>Network analyzer options</b>	
N4375D-220	26.5 GHz, 2 ports, single source PNA (N5222A-200) and RF cables
N4375D-221	26.5 GHz, 2 ports, single source PNA (N5222A-201) with configurable test set and RF cables
N4375D-222	26.5 GHz, 2 ports, single source PNA (N5222A-219) with configurable test set, extended power range, bias-tees and RF cables
N4375D-420	26.5 GHz, 4 ports, dual source PNA (N5222A-400) and RF cables
N4375D-421	26.5 GHz, 4 ports, dual source PNA (N5222A-401) with configurable test set and RF cables
N4375D-422	26.5 GHz, 4 ports, dual source PNA (N5222A-419) with configurable test set, extended power range, bias-tees and RF cables
N4375D-229	Integration of customer's 26.5 GHz, 2 port PNA (N5222A or N5242A) with any configuration and RF cables <sup>1</sup>
N4375D-249	Integration of customer's 26.5 GHz, 4 port PNA (N5222A or N5242A) with any configuration and RF cables <sup>1</sup>
<b>Software options <sup>2,3</sup></b>	
N4375D-S10	Time-domain measurements
<b>Connector options</b>	
N4375D-021	Straight FC/PC SM
N4375D-022	Angled FC/APC SM
<b>Testset options</b>	
N4375D-050	External optical input

1. Guaranteed specification applies only for the above mentioned network analyzer options.

2. For detailed ordering requirements for software options please refer to the LCA configuration guide.

3. Other network analyzer software options can be added though network analyzer upgrades N522xAU-xyz. To be ordered separately.

<b>Recommended accessories</b>	
<b>Rack mount kit for network analyzer</b>	<b>Description</b>
5063-9217	Rack mount flange kit - 265.9 mm height for installation without handles
E3663AC	Basic rail kit (for system II instruments)

## Optical Instruments Online Information

Optical test instruments  
[www.keysight.com/find/oct](http://www.keysight.com/find/oct)

Lightwave component analyzers  
[www.keysight.com/find/lca](http://www.keysight.com/find/lca)

Polarization solutions  
[www.keysight.com/find/pol](http://www.keysight.com/find/pol)

Spectral analysis products  
[www.keysight.com/comms/octspectral](http://www.keysight.com/comms/octspectral)

Electro-optical converters  
[www.keysight.com/find/ref](http://www.keysight.com/find/ref)

Optical test instruments accessories  
[www.keysight.com/comms/oct-accessories](http://www.keysight.com/comms/oct-accessories)

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[www.keysight.com/comms/octfirmware](http://www.keysight.com/comms/octfirmware)

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For other unlisted countries:  
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